COVID-19 AND THE IMPACT ON

WORKING WOMEN IN SOUTH CAROLINA

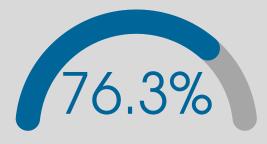
DECEMBER 2021

53 89 OF ALL SOUTH CAROLINA COVID-19 CASES ARE

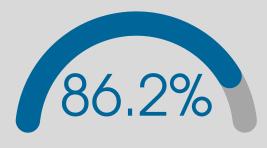
FEMALE

Most of the cases are women of working and child rearing age, with an average age of 39.3 years and median age of 37.0 years.

Of the 2,106,936 adult women (18+) living in South Carolina, 52.9% work often in service-oriented industries being hit the hardest by COVID-19

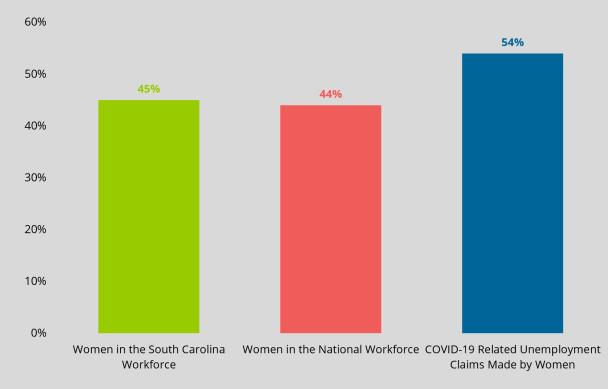


of the South Carolina workforce employed in educational services, health care, and social assistance is female



of all South Carolina COVID-19 cases among healthcare workers are female

COMPARING PRE-COVID WORKFORCE TO COVID-19 RELATED UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG WOMEN



Prior to COVID-19, women comprised 44% of the national workforce and 45% of South Carolina's workforce.

Yet, 54% of all COVID-19 related unemployment claims come from women.

This translates to 402,071 jobs held and lost by South Carolina women this year.



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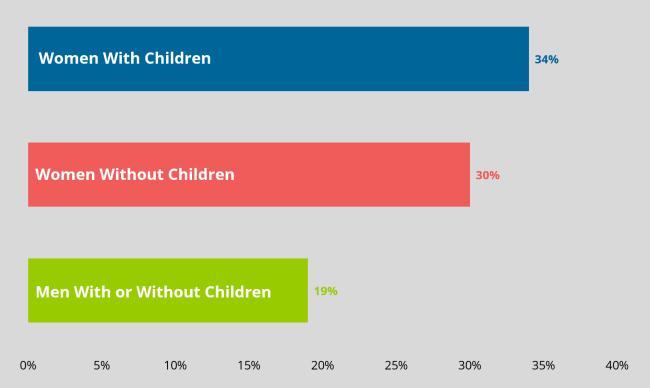


Women aged 25-44 are almost **3 times more likely** than men to not be working due to COVID-19 related childcare issues.



In June, 1 in 3 working mothers reported they were the only ones providing care for their children, compared to 1 in 10 men.

MEN AND WOMEN REPORTING EMOTIONAL DISTRESS DURING COVID-19 (SUMMER 2020)



The **gap in percent** of men and women experiencing levels of **anxiety** and **depression** is widening during COVID-19.

The highest levels (34%) are found in women with children. This translates to between **632,080 and 716,358 South Carolina** women currently experiencing emotional and/or psychological distress.



Women in the workforce are more susceptible to COVID-19 related economic hardships, particularly related to the imbalanced burden of childcare-related issues.



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